Claims 3-24 and 27-30 are pending upon entry of the foregoing amendments. Claims 1,

2, 25, and 26 have been canceled. Claims 3 and 13 have been rewritten in independent form.

Claims 4-7, 11, and 12 have been amended to depend from claim 3. Independent claim 15 has

been amended to specify an anodized or oxidized overcoating primarily localized on each of the

porosities at the top surface of the electrically conductive corrosion resistant coating as discrete

amorphous structures. Support for this amendment is found in the specification at least at

paragraph [0036] and Fig. 4E. No new matter has been added.

Information Disclosure Statement

The undersigned respectfully requests that a copy of the initialed Electronic Information

Disclosure Statement for the IDS submitted mailed September 3, 2003, be sent with the next

Office communication.

Allowable Subject Matter

Applicants thank the Examiner for indicating that claims 3, 7-10, 13-14, 17, and 21-24

would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base

claim. Accordingly, claims 3 and 13 have been rewritten in independent form and claims 4-7,

11, and 12 have been amended to depend from claim 3. Thus, Applicants respectfully submit

that the subject matter of claims 3-7 and 11-14 are in condition for allowance.

Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 102

Claims 1-2, 4-5, 11-12, 15-16, 18-19, and 25 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as

being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,291,094 to Yoshimura et al. ("Yoshimura"). The rejection

is respectfully traversed as applied to the amended claims.

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Yoshimura discloses a gas separator for a fuel cell coated with a first coating layer

including a first electrically conductive material and a second coating layer including a second

electrically conductive material. Yoshimura discloses that the second coating layer may be

formed through plating or press-fitting a material into a film or a sheet. In one embodiment,

regions of the second coating layer are formed on the faces of the gas separator which contact the

electrodes. Throughout Yoshimura, the second coating layer is only referred to as an electrically

conductive material or a carbon material, such as thermal expansion graphite.

In contrast to amended claim 15, Yoshimura does not disclose or suggest an anodized or

oxidized overcoating, which are discrete amorphous structures primarily localized on each of the

porosities at the top surface of an electrically conductive corrosion resistant coating. Rather,

Yoshimura discloses plating or press-fitting to form the second coating layer. These processes

physically cover the first coating layer of Yoshimura, while anodization and oxidation

chemically oxidize the electrically conductive corrosion resistant coating required by amended

claim 15. Furthermore, disclosure in Yoshimura of regions of the second coating layer on faces

provides no teaching or suggestion of an overcoating comprising discrete amorphous structures

primarily localized on each of the porosities of an electrically conductive corrosion resistant

coating. Amended claim 15 is therefore novel.

Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

Claims 6, 20, and 26-30 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Yoshimura. The rejection is respectfully traversed as applied to the claims as amended.

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Applicants submit that a *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been established

because, as discussed above, Yoshimura does not disclose or suggest the limitations of amended

claim 15.

In addition, a person of ordinary skill in the art would not have modified Yoshimura in

the precise fashion claimed by Applicants in claims 20 and 27-30. "A factfinder should be

aware, of course, of the distortion caused by hindsight bias and must be cautious of arguments

reliant upon ex post reasoning." KSR Int' l Co. v. Teleflex Inc., KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex Inc.,

127 U.S. 1727, 1742 (2007). It is apparent that the selection of the materials posited by the

Examiner to match the materials claimed by Applicants is only obtained using expost reasoning.

The number of completely unrelated materials that have a high electric conductivity

which do not form a passive state film or oxide film having no electric conductivity is

unquestionably vast. The Examiner's reasoning the a skilled artisan would choose titanium

aluminum nitride for an electrically conductive corrosion resistant coating would only be

obtainable by improper hindsight in view of claim 20. Likewise, the number of completely

unrelated materials that are capable of being formed, through plating or the like, into a film on a

surface of the base sheets is vast. Furthermore, Yoshimura only discloses that the second coating

layer as an electrically conductive material or a carbon material. Thus, the modification of the

second coating layer to include the particular oxides of claims 27-30 could only be derived from

hindsight.

Moreover, the Supreme Court declared that a combination of elements may be obvious to

try only "when there is a design need or market pressure to solve a problem and there are a

<u>finite number of identified, predictable solutions</u> [and] a person of ordinary skill in the art has

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good reason to pursue the known options within his or her technical grasp." Id. No specific

design need or market pressure has been given for why a person of ordinary skill in the art would

modify Yoshimura so that the first coating layer includes titanium aluminum oxide and the

second coating layer includes the particular oxides claimed by Applicants.

Therefore, Applicants claims are novel and nonobvious and the rejections should be

withdrawn.

Conclusions

The claims as amended are patentable over the prior art of record. Prompt allowance of

each of pending claims is therefore respectfully solicited.

The undersigned kindly invites the Examiner to contact her by telephone (404.853.8036)

if any outstanding issues can be resolved by conference or examiner's amendment.

Respectfully submitted,

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Registration No. 58,702

DATE: Hugust 12, 2008

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